

KIDOZ INC.

and subsidiaries

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Pacific Centre
Suite 1500
701 West Georgia Street
Vancouver, British Columbia
V7Y 1C6
Canada

Tel: +1 888-374-2163 www.kidoz.net

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BACKGROUND	1
FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS	1
OVERVIEW	2
INCORPORATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS	3
BUSINESS OVERVIEW	4
OPERATIONS	
SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION	7
DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS	8
SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS	12
FOURTH QUARTER RESULTS	
LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES	
SHARE CAPITAL	
OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS	15
COMMITMENTS	
RELATED PARTY TRANSCATIONS	16
ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES, CRITICAL ESTIMATES, JUDGMENTS AND	
ASSUMPTIONS	16
NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUCEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING	
POLICIES	17
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS	18
RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES	19
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	24

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

BACKGROUND

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Kidoz Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") constitutes management's review of the financial condition and results of that operations for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. In this MD&A, "this quarter", "the quarter", or "fourth quarter" refer to the three months ended December 31, 2024, unless the context indicates otherwise. All results commentary is compared to the equivalent period in 2023 or as at December 31, 2023, as applicable, unless otherwise indicated. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 2024 and 2023, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

This MD&A takes into account all material events that took place up until April 24, 2025, the date on which the Company's Board of Directors approved this MD&A. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are in U.S. dollars, the presentation and functional currency of the Company. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which consist only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results presented for the year ended December 31, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period.

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Additional information regarding the Company is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com and on the Company's website at www.kidoz.net.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information and forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act"), Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and "forward-looking information" under Canadian securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). incorporated herein by reference, as well as statements made in press releases and oral statements that may be made by us or by officers, directors or employees acting on our behalf, that are not statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forwardlooking statements relate to future events or the Company's future performance. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results to be materially different from historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Readers should consider statements that include the terms "believe," "belief," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "intend" or the like to be uncertain and forward-looking. In addition, all statements, trends, analyses and other information contained in this report relative to trends in net sales, gross margin, anticipated expense levels and liquidity and capital resources, constitute forward-looking statements. Particular attention should be paid to the facts of our limited operating history, the unpredictability of our future revenues, our need for and the

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

availability of capital resources, the evolving nature of our business model, and the risks associated with systems development, management of growth and business expansion. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All cautionary statements made herein should be read as being applicable to all forward-looking statements wherever they appear. The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us taking into account information currently available to us. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from this forecast or anticipated in such forward-looking statements.

OVERVIEW

Kidoz Inc. (TSXV:KIDZ) is the leading Children's Online Privacy Protection Act ("COPPA") and General Data Protection Regulation for children ("GDPR-K") compliant mobile advertising network, dedicated to providing safe, contextual advertising experiences for kids, teens, and families. Google certified and Apple approved, Kidoz has become the trusted partner of the world's largest brands, including Mattel, Lego, and Disney, helping them engage young audiences across thousands of popular mobile apps in a secure and privacy-forward manner.

At the heart of our solution is the Kidoz Safe Ad Network and Software Development Kit ("SDK"), integrated into thousands of apps worldwide. Unlike traditional digital advertising platforms, Kidoz never collects location data or Personally Identifiable Information ("PII"). Instead, we leverage advanced contextual targeting to deliver relevant, high-performance campaigns without compromising user privacy. This approach has positioned Kidoz as the market leader in the growing segment of contextual mobile advertising.

2024 was a pivotal year for Kidoz. Building on years of consistent growth, we achieved near record revenues, expanded our global publisher base, and increased advertiser budgets allocated to our platform. Our ongoing investments in proprietary technology, including supply path optimization and the Kidoz Privacy Shield, have further enhanced our ability to deliver safe, efficient, and effective campaigns for our brand partners. This leadership has strengthened our network's reputation as the go-to destination for compliant mobile advertising solutions.

Kidoz is also expanding beyond its core kids' audience. Prado, our wholly owned division, enables brands to reach the broader family demographic, including teens and parents. Launched in 2023, Prado's high-performance supply-side platform ("SSP"), demand-side platform ("DSP"), and Ad Exchange have gained traction, allowing Kidoz to offer end-to-end media solutions across all age groups. Our proprietary systems ensure a strict separation between Prado and the Kidoz kids network, maintaining the highest levels of child safety while unlocking new revenue streams from the wider \$400+ billion mobile advertising market.

The global shift of media budgets from linear TV to mobile platforms continues to accelerate, and Kidoz is well-positioned to benefit. Regulatory trends favor privacy-compliant platforms like ours, and with governments in key regions tightening data privacy laws, we expect continued momentum. Our compliance-first approach and contextual model are aligned with these evolving standards, providing a significant competitive advantage.

As we move into 2025, Kidoz remains focused on scaling its programmatic capabilities, growing our Cost Per Install ("CPI") performance business, and deepening relationships with premium app publishers. We are exploring strategic opportunities to expand our footprint, whether through broader applications of our

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

technology or synergistic M&A. Our headcount increased from 43 to 49 in 2024 to support this growth, and we anticipate further expansion as demand for safe, high-performance mobile advertising continues to rise.

In addition to our advertising networks, Kidoz operates the Kid Mode Operating System, pre-installed on millions of OEM tablets, and Rooplay (www.rooplay.com), our cloud-based EduGame system that offers educational play experiences for children.

References in this document to "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Kidoz Inc.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company relocated its executive office and our executive offices are now located at Pacific Centre, Suite 1500, 701 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V7Y 1C6, Canada. Our telephone number is (888) 374-2163.

INCORPORATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Incorporation

Our common shares are currently quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange in Canada under the symbol "KIDZ". We have not been subject to any bankruptcy, receivership or other similar proceedings.

The Company was originally incorporated in the State of Florida on January 12, 1987.

On January 22, 2015, Bingo.com, Ltd., the name of the Company at that time, filed Articles of Amendment with the Anguilla Registrar of Companies changing its name to "Shoal Games Ltd.". Effective at the open of markets on January 27, 2015, the Common Shares commenced trading under the new trading symbol "SGLDF" on the OTC-QB.

On June 29, 2015, the Company filed a TSX Venture Exchange Listing Application for the TSX Venture Exchange listing and commenced trading on July 2, 2015, under the symbol "SGW".

On April 4, 2019, Shoal Games Ltd. filed Articles of Amendment with the Anguilla Registrar of Companies changing its name to "Kidoz Inc.". Effective at the open of markets on April 9, 2019, the Common Shares commenced trading under the new trading symbol "KIDZ" on the TSX Venture Exchange.

Effective January 1, 2023, Kidoz Inc. continued out of the jurisdiction of the Anguillian Business Companies Act, 2022, and into the jurisdiction of the Canada Business Corporations Act ("CBCA").

For the year ended December 31, 2024, Kidoz Inc. conducted our business through the Canadian incorporated entity and through our wholly-owned subsidiaries Kidoz Ltd. ("Kidoz Ltd."), Shoal Media (Canada) Inc. ("Shoal Media Canada"), Prado Media Ltd. ("Prado Media"), Shoal Media UK Ltd. ("Shoal Media UK"), Shoal Media Inc. ("Shoal Media"), and Rooplay Media Kenya Limited. ("Rooplay Kenya"). Effective January 1, 2023, we conducted our business through the Canadian incorporated entity and its subsidiaries.

Shoal Media Canada was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada, on February 10, 1998, as 559262 B.C. Ltd. and changed its name to Bingo.com (Canada) Enterprises Inc. on February 11, 1999. It subsequently changed its name to English Bay Office Management Limited on September 8, 2003. Effective March 11, 2016, it changed its name to Shoal Media (Canada) Inc.

On January 21, 2008, Coral Reef Marketing Inc., was incorporated under the laws of Anguilla, British West Indies. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Coral Reef Marketing Inc. was merged with Kidoz Inc. and Kidoz Inc. is the surviving corporation.

On January 1, 2013, 100% of the share capital of Shoal Media Inc., an Anguillian Company was acquired.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

On October 25, 2016, Rooplay Media Ltd., was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Rooplay Media Ltd. was renamed Prado Media Ltd.

On March 27, 2017, Shoal Media UK Ltd. was incorporated under the laws of England and Wales.

On July 12, 2017, Rooplay Media Kenya Limited was incorporated under the laws of Kenya. During the year ended December 31, 2024, Rooplay Media Kenya Limited was discontinued and struck off.

On March 4, 2019, the Company completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding equity securities of Kidoz Ltd. ("Kidoz") (www.kidoz.net), a privately held Israeli company.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Kidoz Inc. operates at the intersection of technology, safety, and digital media, providing a leading mobile advertising platform purpose-built for children, teens, and families. As the global digital advertising landscape evolves with stricter privacy regulations, Kidoz's focus on compliance, safety, and contextual relevance, positions the company as the go-to partner for brands seeking meaningful, responsible engagement with younger audiences.

At the core of Kidoz's business is its proprietary Safe Ad Network and SDK, seamlessly integrated into thousands of top-rated mobile apps. Kidoz delivers high-performance campaigns that comply with COPPA, GDPR-K, and other global privacy frameworks, without collecting personal data or location information. Our advanced contextual targeting technology ensures brand messages are relevant, engaging, and delivered within a secure, brand-safe environment.

Expanding beyond its leadership in kids' advertising, Kidoz operates Prado, its Over 13 division designed to reach the broader family demographic, including teens and parents. Prado offers advertisers a comprehensive solution through its SSP, DSP, and Ad Exchange, enabling high-efficiency media buying across thousands of premium apps while maintaining Kidoz's commitment to safety and quality.

With mobile usage continuing to outpace other digital channels, and as brands shift media budgets from traditional platforms to mobile environments, Kidoz is well-positioned for continued growth. Our direct connections with publishers, supply path optimization, and human-curated ad placements differentiate Kidoz in an increasingly automated, yet regulation-heavy, market.

As a trusted partner for some of the world's most respected brands, Kidoz continues to invest in its technology, compliance infrastructure, and global footprint, driving long-term value for advertisers, publishers, and shareholders alike.

Product Strategy

Kidoz builds and maintains the Kidoz Safe Ad Network, the Kidoz SDK, and the Kidoz Privacy Shield, enabling app developers and global advertisers to reach children and families in a compliant and brand-safe way. The Kidoz SDK remains the core of our proprietary advertising technology, providing a secure and efficient platform for delivering premium ad impressions. Our systems are fully compliant with COPPA, GDPR-K, and additional child privacy regulations worldwide, maintaining the highest safety standards in the industry.

In 2024, Kidoz made continuous investments in its proprietary systems, further optimizing supply paths and enhancing performance through advanced integrations with IAB specifications for real-time bidding, header bidding, and server-to-server direct connections. These improvements not only support the kids' marketplace but also broaden our reach across the entire digital advertising landscape.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Our managed programmatic solution, combined with direct connections to premium apps and programmatic demand sources, continues to be a key differentiator. Agency partners are increasingly utilizing our solutions to access high-quality mobile inventory at scale, benefiting from our enhanced efficiency, superior performance, and unwavering commitment to brand safety.

During 2024, Prado (www.prado.co), our division for audiences Over 13 years of age, gained traction as a high-performance mobile SSP, DSP, and Ad Exchange. Prado's programmatic capabilities now power large-scale campaigns across thousands of apps, simplifying digital advertising for agencies and brands targeting teens, families, and general audiences. Kidoz engineers have ensured complete separation between Prado and our kid-safe network, preserving the integrity of our child protection systems while enabling Kidoz to enter the broader, significantly larger digital ad market. Prado's growth, alongside Kidoz's internal safeguards, guarantees that no inappropriate content ever reaches young audiences.

Marketing & Distribution Strategy

In 2024, Kidoz strengthened its position as the trusted partner for leading global app publishers seeking compliant and high-performance monetization solutions. Our SDK has become an essential component for many of the world's largest and most respected developers, who have integrated our technology into their platforms to ensure safe and effective advertising experiences for their users.

A key part of our strategy is an ongoing investment in compliance education and support for our partners. As regulations continue to evolve, Kidoz is proactively working with publishers to help them stay ahead of the curve. By aligning with Kidoz, developers gain not only access to premium demand and higher yields but also the reassurance that they are meeting the highest global privacy and safety standards.

This trusted reputation, combined with our focus on fostering direct relationships with top-tier publishers, has expanded our distribution footprint and further solidified Kidoz's leadership in the kids and family digital advertising ecosystem.

Sales & Pricing Strategy

Kidoz's global agency partnership model continues to deliver success. In 2024, Kidoz launched campaigns in 60 countries, reflecting the scalability and appeal of our solutions. Our strategy of recruiting top-tier international sales houses has been instrumental in building a reliable network of partners who recognize the value of Kidoz's premium inventory. These partnerships have resulted in repeat campaigns and expanded allocations from major brands that increasingly shift larger portions of their media budgets to Kidoz.

As more brands experience our superior performance and efficiency, they deepen their investments with us. Our programmatic capabilities, in both Kidoz and Prado, open new opportunities for brands targeting parents and teens in addition to children, further diversifying our revenue streams and solidifying our leadership position in the digital advertising space.

Growth Strategy

Kidoz's growth in 2024 was driven by our alignment with regulatory, consumer, and technological trends. Our mission remains clear: "to deliver best-in-class advertising solutions that prioritize privacy, comply with Apple, Google, and stringent global regulations, and provide publishers with safe, effective monetization options." Our proprietary contextual advertising model continues to outperform alternatives, ensuring that user data is protected while delivering high engagement for advertisers.

A key growth driver in 2024 was the increased use of Kidoz as a performance platform for app developers seeking to scale installs on a cost-per-install (CPI) basis. As the CPI market, estimated at over US\$120B

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

annually, expands, Kidoz is capturing more share by advancing our software and systems to support this high-growth segment.

Alongside our core media business, the successful expansion of Prado into the teen and family markets has added new revenue streams. Our latest product, Kidoz Connect, has enhanced our ability to scale programmatic campaigns across both Kidoz and Prado networks, providing advertisers with unmatched reach and performance.

Looking forward, while our primary focus remains on the continued development of the Kidoz Safe Ad Network, we are exploring strategic opportunities, including new connections to the wider mobile advertising market and potential synergistic acquisitions, to sustain and accelerate our growth trajectory.

Kidoz Original Equipment Manufacturer ("OEM")

Kidoz's mobile products includes the Kid Mode Operating System ("OS") installed on millions of OEM tablets worldwide. The Company earns license fees based on the OEM agreements dependent on the number of devices the Kidoz Kid Mode OS is installed.

Rooplay

The Company owns Rooplay (www.rooplay.com) the cloud-based EduGame system for kids to play multiple games to learn and play. The platform is live on the Google's Android system and has stand-alone games available on Apple's iOS and Google's Android systems.

OPERATIONS

Employees

As of December 31, 2024, we had 49 employees, consultants, and independent contractors throughout the world including twenty-six full-time employees in Canada, Israel and the United Kingdom. Since 2006 it has been, and continues to be, the Company's objective to control its costs by retaining consultants, as needed, to provide special expertise in developing internal strategic, marketing, accounting, and technical services. None of our employees or consultants are represented by a labor union, and we believe that our relationship with our employees and consultants is good.

We are substantially dependent upon the continued services and performance of J. M. Williams, Chief Executive Officer; Eldad Ben Tora, President of the Prado division & General Manager EMEA and T. M. Williams, Chairman. The loss of the services of these key individuals would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. We do not carry any key man life insurance on any individuals.

Competition

Kidoz operates in a highly specialized segment of the advertising technology industry, focusing on safe, COPPA-compliant mobile advertising for children, teens, and families. While other companies, such as SuperAwesome, Google's AdMob, and Meta, offer products targeting young audiences, Kidoz's approach and core strengths set it apart.

SuperAwesome provides a range of media and technology solutions for brands looking to engage with kids, but its offerings are broader and less focused on mobile in-app advertising, which remains the core of Kidoz's expertise. Google's AdMob is a major player in mobile advertising but lacks the human-curated, child-safety emphasis that defines the Kidoz platform. Meta's solutions, while vast, are not tailored for the specific privacy and safety needs of young audiences in the mobile gaming space.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

The technology barriers to entering the compliant mobile ad network space are significant. Kidoz has developed proprietary systems that meet the highest global privacy and safety standards, making it a trusted partner for brands seeking to engage young audiences in a secure and effective way. This unique positioning allows Kidoz to consistently outperform less specialized competitors.

Through Prado, Kidoz competes in the broader programmatic space, facing large-scale competitors like Google, Meta, and other major DSPs and SSPs. However, many brands prefer a single supplier that can provide a holistic, family-friendly solution. Prado enables Kidoz to deliver that, offering advertisers streamlined access to kids, teens, and parents through one trusted and compliant platform.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The summary consolidated financial information set out below has been prepared in accordance with US GAAP and is derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 and can be found at www.sedarplus.com.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:

	2024	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 2,780,517	\$ 1,469,224	\$ 2,363,530
Total assets	11,734,233	11,807,080	14,387,083
Total liabilities	3,807,554	4,612,778	5,695,324
Total stockholders' equity	7,926,689	7,194,302	8,691,759
Working capital	4,219,588	3,220,646	4,147,176

Cash has increased for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to cash as at December 31, 2023, due to an increase in revenue and decreased expenses during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Total assets decreased for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to total assets as at December 31, 2023, due to the amortization of the intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Total liabilities have decreased for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to total liabilities as at December 31, 2023, due to improved margins despite the increase in revenues.

Stockholders' equity has increased for the year ended December 31, 2024, due to the net income incurred by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Working capital has improved for the year ended December 31, 2024, due to the net income incurred by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Consolidated Cash flow data:

	2024	2023	2022
Net cash provided by (used in) operating			
activities	\$ 1,305,230	\$ (823,640)	\$ 433,745
Net cash provided by (used in) investing			
activities	13,668	(8,714)	(26,533)
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,605)	(61,952)	(122,289)
Change in cash	1,311,293	(894,306)	284,923
Cash	\$ 2,780,517	\$ 1,469,224	\$ 2,363,530

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we provided cash of \$1,305,230 in operating activities compared to cash used of (\$823,640) in the prior year. The increase in cash provided is due to the increase in revenue and efficiencies in operations despite the hiring of additional sales and development staff and the increase in the development of our United Kingdom base technologies.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Net cash used in financing activities was (\$7,605) in the year ended December 31, 2024, which compares to cash used in financing activity of (\$61,952) in fiscal 2023. This decrease in cash used is due to the repayment of Government CEBA loan in the year ended December 31, 2023, and the end of the Vancouver office lease, which was not renewed, in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Cash of \$13,668 was provided by investing activities in fiscal 2024, compared to cash used of (\$8,714) in the prior year. This increase in cash provided is due to the refund of the security deposits relating to the Vancouver office and the return of funds from the secured deposit relating to the Vancouver office lease. This is cash provided is reduced by the acquisition of new equipment in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Consolidated Statement of Operations Data for continuing operations:

	2024	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 14,004,527	\$ 13,326,824	\$ 15,097,056
Cost of sales	6,426,973	8,392,767	9,973,211
Gross (loss) profit	7,577,554	4,934,057	5,123,845
Operating expenses excluding interest and other			
income (expenses) Amortization and expiration	(6,701,037)	(6,153,451)	(5,897,412)
of right-of-use assets Depreciation and	(6,781)	(29,748)	(28,935)
amortization	(244,179)	(558,740)	(557,267)
Gain on derivative liability – warrants	-	51	23,314
Interest and other income	643	1,049	185
Income tax & deferred tax (expense) / recovery Provision for doubtful	(158,580)	25,978	150,489
receivables	(114,480)	(84,952)	-
Stock awareness program	-	(146,300)	(161,332)
Net income (loss)	\$ 353,140	\$ (2,012,056)	\$ (1,347,113)
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share from			
continuing operations	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	131,304,499	131,305,254	131,481,983

DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Revenue

Total revenue, net of platform fees (to Apple, Google and Amazon) and withholding taxes, for the year ended December 31, 2024, increased to \$14,004,527, an increase of 5% over total revenue net of fees and withholding taxes of to \$13,326,824 for fiscal 2023.

The increase in total revenue over fiscal 2023 is due to an increase in demand as a result of our initiatives to create high-performance advertising solutions in gaming apps.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Selling and marketing expenses

Sales and marketing expenses for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$1,465833, an increase of 16% over selling and marketing expenses of \$1,268,218 for fiscal 2023. The increase in sales and marketing expenses over fiscal 2023 is due to an increase in sales and marketing staff to manage the anticipated growth in the Direct, Programmatic and Performance segments of our Ad tech business and an increase in sales commissions as a result of our increase in revenue. Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of sales staff salaries and benefits and publishing services and sales commissions.

We expect to incur increased sales and marketing expenses in selling the Ad tech advertising and to grow the Ad tech advertising revenue. There can be no assurances that these expenditures will result in increased traffic or significant additional revenue.

Software technology development

We do not capitalize our development costs. Software technology development costs of \$3,445,018 were expensed for year ended December 31, 2024, an increase of 15% from software technology development costs of \$2,999,079 expensed for fiscal 2023. These increases over fiscal 2023, is due to the hiring of additional development staff and the outsourcing of certain software development to increase the development of our base technologies.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of legal and professional fees, premise cost for our Israeli office and development facilities, and other general corporate and office expenses. General and administrative expenses increased to \$689,407 for the year ended December 31, 2024, an increase of 2% over general and administrative expenses of \$673,654 in fiscal 2023. The increase in general and administrative expenses is due an increase in fees paid to our professional advisors.

We expect to continue to incur general and administrative expenses to support the business, and there can be no assurances that we will be able to generate sufficient revenue to cover these expenses.

Salaries, wages, consultants, and benefits

Salaries, wages, consultants, and benefits decreased to \$622,394 for the year ended December 31, 2024, a decrease of 12% over salaries, wages, consultants, and benefits of \$705,830 for fiscal 2023. The decrease in salaries, wages, consultants, and benefits over fiscal 2023, is due to a decrease in the consultants employed by the Company in 2024.

Depreciation and amortization

Intangible assets are amortized using a straight-line method over three to eight years. These intangible assets include customer lists, and the software development kits ("SDK") for our advertising platform. These intangible assets are as result of the acquisition of Kidoz Ltd. The amortization for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$232,835 compared to \$545,737 in fiscal 2023. The decline is amortization for the year ended December 31, 2024, is due the full amortization of SDK technology during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Equipment is depreciated using the declining balance method over the useful lives of the assets, ranging from three to five years. Depreciation increased to \$11,344 during the year ended December 31, 2024, over depreciation of \$13,002 in fiscal 2023. This decrease in depreciation and amortization compared to fiscal 2023, is due to the aging of our equipment.

Stock-based compensation expense

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company incurred non-cash stock compensation expenses of \$379,247 compared to non-cash stock compensation expenses of \$515,116 for fiscal 2023. During the

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

year ended December 31, 2024, the Company granted 2,318,750 (fiscal 2023 – 1,885,000) options. The options granted in fiscal 2024 and 2023, are issued to consultants and employees as per the Company's amended 2015 Rolling Stock Option Plan. The non-cash stock compensation program is an integral part of the Companies overall Staff Compensation Program.

Stock awareness program

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company commenced a corporate stock awareness program. The Company engaged Research Capital Corporation, Agora Internet Relations Corp., and Proactive for financial and capital markets advisory services and to assist with general market outreach to increase investor awareness as the Company continues to achieve important milestones and grow its investor base. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company discontinued its stock awareness program with Proactive. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company discontinued its stock awareness program with Research Capital Corporation.

The Company incurred stock awareness expenses of \$nil for year ended December 31, 2024, a decrease from stock awareness expenses of \$146,300 expensed for fiscal 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company temporally suspended it stock awareness program with Agora Internet Relations Corp. and utilized its own staff and resources for Investor Relations activity.

Provision for doubtful debts

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company provided \$114,480 for doubtful debts compared to \$84,952 in the prior year.

Other income and expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company has a foreign exchange loss of (\$88,701) compared to foreign exchange gain of \$1,139 in the prior year. These gains are due to the exchange rate movements of the US Dollar compared to the Pound Sterling, Israeli Shekel, European Euro, and the Canadian Dollar. The Company does not hedge its cash assets.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we received interest income of \$643 compared to interest income of \$1,049 in the prior year. The interest income is received from bank term deposits from investing our cash. The decrease in interest income is due the lower long term deposit balance which was required for our Vancouver office lease which ended during the year ended December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company had a gain on the derivative liability – warrants of \$51. This derivative liability – warrants results from the issuance of the 230,000 warrants to Research Capital Corporation during the year ended December 31, 2021, and which expired unexercised in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amortization of right-of-use assets

On January 1, 2020, the Company adopted ASC Topic 842 using the modified retrospective transition method. Topic 842 requires the recognition of lease assets and liabilities for operating leases. The Company recognized right-of-use assets relating to the brand licenses and the Vancouver, Canada office rental. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company amortized \$6,781 compared to right-of-use assets amortization of \$26,828 and \$2,920 expired on the Anguillian lease in fiscal 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the lease on the Vancouver office expired and was not renewed.

Income taxes

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had a tax expense of (\$158,580) compared to a tax recovery of \$25,978 in fiscal 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2023, our Israeli subsidiary

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

was officially recognized as a Preferred Technology Enterprise in Israel, a prestigious status that comes with extensive tax relief benefits as provided by law and applied to the fiscal 2024 and 2023 tax year.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the subsidiaries of the Company had a tax expense of \$79,161 compared to a tax expense of \$924 in fiscal 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, Bingo.com, Inc. merged with its subsidiary Bingo.com, Ltd. in Anguilla, British West Indies. Anguilla is a zero-tax jurisdiction. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Kidoz Inc. continued out of the jurisdiction of the Anguillian Business Companies Act, 2022, and into the jurisdiction of the Canada Business Corporations Act ("CBCA") and is now a Canadian taxpayer.

Net income (loss) and income (loss) per share

The net income after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to \$353,140, an income of \$0.00 per share, compared to a net loss of (\$2,012,056) a loss of (\$0.02) per share, in the year ended December 31, 2023. The net income increased for the year ended December 31, 2024, due to an increase in revenue and efficiencies in operations, despite an increase in staff costs. This increase in staff costs is due to the hiring of additional development staff and sales and marketing personnel to increase the development of our base technology and increase our sales and account management respectively.

Net Cash generated from Operations and Adjusted EBITDA

Due to our focus on maintaining a strong balance sheet while striving to continue our rapid growth on an annual basis and to evaluate our performance and make financial and operational decisions accordingly we pay close attention to our net cash generated from operations and our adjusted EBITDA.

Our net cash provided by operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$1,305,230 compared to cash used in operations of (\$823,640) in the prior year. This increase cash provided was due to the increase in revenue.

Additionally, our Adjusted Earnings Before Interest; Taxes; Depreciation and Amortization; stock awareness program; stock-based compensation and impairment of goodwill ("Adjusted EBITDA") for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to a income of \$1,134,503 compared to an Adjusted EBITDA loss of (\$891,166) in the prior year.

\sim	A 1° . 1	DDIED.		11 1	C 11
()1114	A dinetad		10	raconcilad	l as follows:
()ui	Adiusica	. 17131117	- 15	TUCUTION	as juiluws.

	2024	2023
Income (Loss) for the year	\$ 353,140 \$	(2,012,056)
Depreciation and amortization	244,179	558,740
Stock awareness program	-	74,112
Stock-based compensation	379,247	515,116
Gain on derivative liability – warrants	-	(51)
Interest and other income	(643)	(1,049)
Income tax expense (recovery)	158,580	(25,978)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,134,503 \$	(891,166)

We use Adjusted EBITDA internally to evaluate our performance and make financial and operational decisions that are presented in a manner that adjusts from their equivalent GAAP measures or that supplement the information provided by our GAAP measures. Adjusted EBITDA is defined by us as EBITDA (net income (loss) plus depreciation expense, amortization expense, interest, stock-based compensation, and impairment of goodwill), further adjusted to exclude certain non-cash expenses and other adjustments. We use Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it more clearly highlights business trends

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on GAAP financial measures, since Adjusted EBITDA eliminates from our results specific financial items that have less bearing on our core operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is not presented in accordance with, or as an alternative to, GAAP financial measures and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). We encourage investors to review the GAAP financial measures included in this Annual Report, including our consolidated financial statements, to aid in their analysis and understanding of our performance and in making comparisons.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following tables present our unaudited consolidated quarterly results of operations for each of our last eight quarters. This data has been derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements that have been prepared on the same basis as the annual audited consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, include all normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of such information. These unaudited quarterly results should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements.

	Three Months Ended								
		December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)		September 30 2024 (Unaudited)		<u>June 30</u> <u>2024</u> (Unaudited)		March 31 2024 (Unaudited)	
Revenue	\$	7,444,505	\$	2,287,776	\$	2,479,175	\$	1,793,071	
Cost of sales		3,277,093		1,079,212		1,233,994		836,674	
Gross profit		4,167,412		1,208,564		1,245,181		956,397	
Operating expenses and other income / (expenses) Provision for doubtful receivables Stock awareness program Depreciation and amortization Income (Loss) before income taxes Income tax (expense) recovery		(1,983,399) (114,480) - (45,377) 2,024,156 (159,499)		(1,569,535) - - (45,313) (406,284)		(1,586,313) - - (45,437) (386,569) 919		(1,567,928) - - (108,052) (719,583)	
Income (Loss) after tax	\$	1,864,657		(406,284)	\$	(385,650)	\$	(719,583)	
Basic and diluted Income (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)	
Weighted average common shares, basic Weighted average common shares,		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499	
diluted		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Three Months Ended							
		December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)		September 30 2023 (Unaudited)	пис	June 30 2023 (Unaudited)		March 31 2023 (Unaudited)
Revenue	\$	6,030,546	\$	2,808,354	\$	2,814,239	\$	1,673,685
Cost of sales		4,059,852		1,754,540		1,574,659		1,003,716
Gross profit		1,970,694		1,053,814		1,239,580		669,969
Operating expenses and other income / (expenses) Provision for doubtful receivables		(1,522,994) (1,427)		(1,565,244) (83,525)		(1,553,484)		(1,540,377)
Stock awareness program		(3,996)		(29,567)		(55,820)		(56,917)
Depreciation and amortization		(139,945)		(139,816)		(139,692)		(139,287)
Income (Loss) before income taxes Income tax recovery (expense)		302,332 25,978		(764,338)		(509,416)		(1,066,612)
Income (Loss) after tax	\$	328,310		(764,338)		(509,416)		(1,066,612)
Basic and diluted Income (loss) per share	\$	0.00	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average common shares, basic Weighted average common shares,		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,307,560
diluted		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,304,499		131,307,560

FOURTH QUARTER RESULTS

Total revenue, net of platform fees (to Apple, Google and Amazon) and withholding taxes, for the quarter ended December 31, 2024, increased to \$7,444,505, an increase of 23% over total revenue net of fees and withholding taxes to \$6,030,546 for fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and an increase 225% from revenue of \$2,287,776 in the third quarter of 2024. The increase in revenue compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and the third quarter of fiscal 2024, is due to an increase in demand as a result of our initiatives to create high-performance advertising solutions in gaming apps. Selling and marketing expenses were \$500,766 for the quarter ended December 31, 2024, an increase of 56% over expenses of \$321,344 in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and an increase of 51% over expenses of \$330,798 in the third quarter of fiscal 2024. This increase in sales and marketing expenses in the quarter ended December 31, 2024, compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and the third quarter of fiscal 2024 is due to an increase in sales and marketing staff and sales commissions.

The Company expensed \$1,060,884 in software technology development costs during the quarter ended December 31, 2024, an increase of 36% compared to software technology development costs of \$779,273 expensed during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and an increase of 31% compared to software technology development costs of \$810,933 expensed during the third quarter of fiscal 2024. The increase in technology development costs compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and the third quarter of fiscal 2024 is due to hiring additional development staff and the outsourcing of certain software development to increase the development of our base technology.

The net income after taxation for the quarter ended December 31, 2024, amounted to \$1,864,657, an income of \$0.01 per share, compared to a net income of \$328,309 or \$0.00 per share in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and compared to a net loss of (\$406,284) or (\$0.00) per share in the third quarter of fiscal 2024. This

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

increase in net income for the quarter compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and the third quarter of fiscal 2024 is due to the increase in revenue and efficiencies in operations, despite an increase in staff costs. This increase in staff costs is due to the hiring of additional development staff and sales and marketing personnel to increase the development of our base technology and increase our sales and account management respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company generates cash from operations.

The Company believes it has sufficient cash resources to meet its current growth and development objectives. Although the Company has relied on revenue generated through its business, external funding may be required to continue growing the existing business and scaling operations. There can be no assurance that adequate funding will be available in the future, or under terms that are favorable to the Company.

We had cash of \$2,780,517 and working capital of \$4,219,588 as at December 31, 2024. This compares to cash of \$1,469,224 and working capital of \$3,220,646 as at December 31, 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we provided cash of \$1,305,230 in operating activities compared to providing cash of (\$823,640) in the prior year.

Net cash used in financing activities was (\$7,605) in the year ended December 31, 2024, which compares to cash used in financing activity of (\$61,952) in fiscal 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company repaid the CEBA loan of CAD\$40,000 (\$29,484). In addition, the payments on the operating lease for the Vancouver office decreased from (\$31,951) in fiscal 2023 to (\$7,605) in fiscal 2024. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Vancouver office lease ended and was not renewed. The entire Canadian staff operate virtually from home and expect to continue accordingly.

Cash of \$13,668 was provided by investing activities in fiscal 2024, compared to cash used of (\$8,714) in the prior year. This increase in cash provided related to reduction of long-term cash deposit which was required for the office lease and the refund of security deposits relating to the Vancouver office lease.

Our future capital requirements will depend on several factors, including costs associated with the further development of the Ad tech advertising business, the cost of marketing and customer acquisition costs, the development of new products, the acquisition of new companies and the success of our overall business.

SHARE CAPITAL

Common shares

As at December 31, 2024, there were 131,304,499 (2023 – 131,304,499) common shares outstanding.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, 2,000 (2022 - 275,000) shares were acquired pursuant to the Normal Course Issuer bid ("NCIB") in effect at an aggregate cost of \$517. During the year ended December 31, 2023, 43,500 shares were cancelled.

Stock Options

In 2015, the shareholders approved the 2015 Rolling Stock Option plan. Under the 2015 plan we have reserved 10% of the number of Shares of the Company issued and outstanding as of each Award Date.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, a new 10% "rolling" stock option plan (the "2024 Stock Option Plan") that complies with the updated TSX Policy 4.4 was approved by the TSX-V, the Board of Directors and the Company's shareholders. The 2024 Stock Option Plan will replace 2015 Stock Option Plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Options granted under the 2015 Stock Option Plan will continue to be governed by the 2015 Stock Option Plan. The 2015 Stock Option plan will continue to exist until the stock options granted under the 2015 Stock Option are exercised, cancelled or expire. All new stock option grants will be made under the 2024 Stock Option Plan.

Pursuant to this plan we have 10,359,750 stock purchase options (2023 - 8,066,000) outstanding at December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, 2,318,750 options were granted to employees and consultants with an exercise price of CAD\$0.20 (\$0.14) where 2% vests per month. 1,056,250 options of these options were granted to directors and officers of the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, there were nil (2023 – nil) options exercised and 25,000 (2023 – 460,000) options cancelled and nil (2023 – 1,988,000) options expired unexercised. Subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2024, 65,000 options were cancelled.

Subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2024 the Company initiated The Equity Awards Plan to complement the 2024 Stock Option Plan as an integral part of the Companies overall compensation plan.

The Equity Awards Plan is a fixed 10% plan under which the Company may issue such number of security-based compensation (other than options) up to 10% of the issued and outstanding shares as of the date the Equity Awards Plan is implemented.

The plan is subject to the following limits (in addition to the 10% fixed cap) for so long as the Shares are listed and posted for trading on the TSXV: (i) not more than two (2%) percent of the Company's issued and outstanding Shares, inclusive of Shares issuable pursuant to all Security Based Compensation granted or issued, may be granted to any one Consultant in any 12 month period; (ii) unless the Company has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval, not more than five (5%) percent of the Company's issued and outstanding Shares, inclusive of Shares issuable pursuant to all Security Based Compensation granted or issued, may be issued to any one Person in any 12 month period; (iii) Investor Relations Service Providers shall not be eligible to receive any Awards; (iv) the aggregate number of Shares issuable to Insiders at any time under this Plan, inclusive of Shares issuable pursuant to all Security Based Compensation granted or issued, unless the Company has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval, shall not exceed ten (10%) percent of the Company's issued and outstanding Shares; (v) the aggregate number of Shares issuable to Insiders within any one (1) year period under this Plan, inclusive of Shares issuable pursuant to all Security Based Compensation granted or issued, unless the Company has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval, shall not exceed ten (10%) percent of the Company's issued and outstanding Share.

The Equity Awards Plan has been approved by the Toronto Venture Stock Exchange ("TSXV") subject to affirmation by the Company's Shareholders at the next Annual General Shareholder meeting. Grants under the plan may be awarded but not exercised until such affirmation is received.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office facilities in Netanya, Israel. These office facilities are leased under operating lease agreements.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the lease on the Vancouver office expired and was not renewed. Our Canadian staff will continue to work on a virtual basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

The minimum lease payments under the Netanya, Israel annual recurring lease unless canceled with 3 month notice is approximately as follows:

2025	\$	50,882
	*	/

The Company has the following management consulting agreements with related parties.

Company	Person	Role	Annual amount
		Executive	
T.M. Williams (ROW), Inc.	T. M. Williams	Chairman	\$164,800
Bromley Accounting			
Services Ltd.	H. W. Bromley	CFO	CAD\$221,450
Farcast Operations Inc.	T. H. Williams	VP Product	CAD\$247,200

RELATED PARTY TRANSCATIONS

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had the following related party transactions:

	2024	2023	2022
Directors fees	\$ 8,510	\$ 7,505	\$ 8,970
Salaries, wages, consultants and benefits	535,692	667,229	659,558
Selling and marketing	142,413	70,439	126,920
Stock-based compensation (Note 10)	144,552	188,961	276,207
Software technology development (Note 8)	323,138	248,780	246,016
Closing balance for the year	\$ 1,154,305	\$ 1,182,914	\$ 1,317,671

The Company has liabilities of \$66,181 (2023 - \$79,852) as at December 31, 2024, to current directors, officers and companies owned by the current directors and officers of the Company for employment, director and consulting fees.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company granted 1,056,250 options with an exercise price of CAD\$0.20 (\$0.14) to current directors and officers of the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company granted 400,000 options with an exercise price of CAD\$0.30 (\$0.22) per share to current directors and officers of the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company granted 900,000 options with an exercise price of CAD\$0.50 (\$0.39) per share to current directors and officers of the Company.

The related party transactions are in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES, CRITICAL ESTIMATES, JUDGMENTS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The information provided in this MD&A, including the consolidated financial statements, is the responsibility of management. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. There is a full disclosure and description of the Company's critical accounting policies, estimates, judgments, assumptions in the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2024 in notes 1 and 2.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include the collectability of accounts receivable, the valuation of stock-based compensation, the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and the useful lives of intangible assets. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates.

The following discussion of critical accounting policies is intended to supplement the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies presented as Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements presented elsewhere in this report. Note 2 summarizes the accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

We consider the following accounting policies to be both those most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and require the most subjective judgment:

- Revenue recognition;
- Software technology development;
- Impairment of long-lived assets;
- Goodwill

These policies were selected because they require the more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation and presentation of our financial statements. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates these judgments and estimates, including whether there are any uncertainties as to compliance with the revenue recognition criteria described below, and recoverability of long-lived assets, as well as the assessment as to whether there are contingent assets and liabilities that should be recognized or disclosed for the consolidated financial statements to fairly present the information required to be set forth therein. We base our estimates on historical experience, as well as other events and assumptions that are believed to be reasonable at the time. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different conditions.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUCEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In November 2023, the Financial Standards Board issued ASU 2023-07, Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07"), which requires that segment expenses deemed significant to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) typically incorporated in measuring profit or loss of the segment should be disclosed. The guidance also requires that the difference between segment revenues and these significant segment expenses is disclosed. Any annually disclosed segment information is now required to be reported in interim periods as well. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024. During the fourth quarter of 2024, we adopted ASU 2023-07 and enhanced our segment disclosures in line with the new guidance. The adoption of this ASU affects only our disclosures, with no impact to our financial condition and results of operation.

On December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09 "Income Taxes (Topics 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" to expand the disclosure requirements for income taxes, primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. ASU 2023-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on the Company's disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses. The new standard requires entities to disclose additional information about certain expenses, such as purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, intangible asset amortization, as well as selling expenses included in commonly presented expense captions on the income statement. The FASB further clarified the effective date in January 2025 with the issuance of ASU 2025-01, Income Statement –

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Clarifying the Effective Date. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Companies have the option to apply this guidance either on a retrospective or prospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The company is currently evaluating this guidance to determine the impact it may have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

The Company has evaluated all of the recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standards-setting bodies through the filing date of these unaudited consolidated financial statements and does not believe the future adoption of any such pronouncements will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company is exposed to various financial risks resulting from both its operations. The Company does not enter into financial instrument agreements including derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The fair values of the Company's financial instruments approximate the carrying values, due to their short terms to maturity or attached market rates of interest. The Company is exposed to various risks related to its financial instruments as follows:

(i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Company's net income and the value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Company has exposure to foreign exchange risk which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company has not entered into foreign exchange purchase contracts to manage its foreign exchange risk, because, in management's view, the cost of setting up the contracts is in excess of the risks associated with a sudden change in the exchange rates. Management continually monitors the exchange rates and will enter into risk prevention measures when warranted. The Company is also exposed to foreign exchange risk on its cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable balances that are mostly denominated in U.S. dollars and Euros, whereas our employment and consulting costs are mostly denominated in Israeli Shekels, British Pounds, Canadian Dollars, and US Dollars.

(iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company is subject to credit risk with respect to cash and accounts receivable. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying value of these assets. Credit risk is managed through a credit approval process and monitoring procedures, and there are no expected credit losses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

All cash balances are held at a major banking institutions in Israel, United Kingdom and Canada and management believes the risk of loss to be remote.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and the maturity of liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability but can also increase the risk of loss. The Company's liquidity needs can be met through a variety of sources. The Company generates cash from operations, and in the past by issuances of common shares. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash balances to meet liabilities when due and by continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's business is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including those described elsewhere in this MD&A, as well as general economic and market risks. The following discussion describes material risks and uncertainties that the Company has identified that may affect the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

Risks Related to the Business

- Regulations The Company operates in a highly regulated market with a Children's Online Privacy
 Protection Rule ("COPPA") & General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR"). There is the risk
 that the regulations restrict the Company operations. The Company serves compliant contextual
 mobile advertising network that safely reaches hundreds of million kids, teens, and families every
 month.
- <u>Reliant on Google and Apple</u> The Company is heavily reliant on Google and Apple, on whose platform the games where we advertise are hosted. The Company has been Google certified and has been approved by Apple.
- Expanding Company the Company is a growing and expanding company. The Company's revenues may be materially affected by the decisions of its management and/or customers, and due to a variety of other factors, many of which may be beyond the Company's control. This may lead to expenses exceeding estimates or be incurred in the expectation of sales that do not occur or that occur later than expected. Management expects expenses to increase, especially hiring of additional staff to support its growth and expansion. Fluctuating results could cause unanticipated quarterly losses and cause the Company's performance to fall below the expectations of investors, which could adversely affect the price of the common shares. The following will cause fluctuating results:
 - o Changes in demand for Kidoz Platform
 - o Changes in the Company's customer base, additions and losses of customers
 - o Changes in advertising budgets of our customers
 - o Changes in the availability of advertising inventory or in the cost of reaching customers through digital advertising.
 - o Disruptions or outages on the Kidoz platform.
 - New technology or offering by the Kidoz competitors.
 - Timing differences between our payments for advertising inventory and our collection of advertising revenue.
 - Shifting views and behaviors of consumers concerning use of data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Based upon the factors above and others beyond the Company's control, Kidoz forecasts future revenue, costs and expenses, and continually reviews these forecasts. As a result, its operating results may, from time to time, fall below estimates or the expectations of securities analysts and investors.

- Managing growth The Company has expanded rapidly over the last few years. The continued rapid growth of the Company may strain management, financial, technical, and other resources. The Company must expand its sales, marketing, technology, and operational staff and expand its controls. If Kidoz continues its rapid growth, it will incur additional expenses, and its growth may continue to place a strain on resources, infrastructure, and ability to maintain the quality of its offering. Accordingly, the Company may not be able to effectively manage and coordinate growth so as to achieve or maximize future profitability.
- Reliance on Key Customers The Company is reliant on a relatively few customers and sales houses. The loss of a significant customer could harm the Company's business and severely impact the future financial success of the Company. The Company is continually looking for new customers and sales houses around the world to partner with.
- Retaining and attracting customers The Company, to continue to grow, must attract new customers and encourage existing advertisers to purchase additional offerings. Our competitors may introduce lower costs or differentiated products or services that compete with our current offering on price or technology and therefore impacting our sales. The Company has hired additional sales staff and is continually developing its technology.
- No long-term customer commitments The Company does not have any long term commitments by its customers beyond the current insertion order, which can be cancelled prior to the campaign conclusion without any penalty. Therefore, the Company success is dependent on offering the best service and maintaining good customer relations. The Company allocates customer service personnel to manage the customer relationship.
- Reliance on third parties the Company is reliant on third parties to operate. These third parties include cloud-based servers located around the world, external sales houses, outsourced technology developers, advertising exchanges and other strategic partners. If these third parties fail to perform as agreed could negatively affect our operations.
- Personnel The loss of any member of the Company's management team, could have a material adverse effect on its business and results of operations. The Company relies on its engineering staff to develop its technology; operations staff to manage and operate the campaigns, its sales teams to attract and retain key customers and its finance department staff to properly manage and maintain the financial records and reporting thereof. The inability to hire, or the increased costs of new personnel, or the cost to maintain existing personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and operating results. There is intense competition for capable personnel in all of these areas, and the Company may not be successful in attracting, training, integrating, motivating, or retaining new personnel, vendors, or subcontractors for these required functions. The growth of the Company is dependent on hiring additional personnel so there is additional costs in training these new personnel.
- <u>Children advertising</u> The Company is dependent on advertising to children so therefore is affected by changes to this business segment. The Company is expanding into advertising to teens and families and to be less reliant on advertising to children.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

- Market conditions The economic uncertainty in the market has made and continues to make it difficult for the Company to forecast revenue and operating results and to make decisions regarding operational cost structures and investments. The Company's business depends on the overall demand for advertising and on the economic health of its customers. Economic downturns or unstable market conditions may cause the Company's customers to decrease their advertising budgets, which could reduce usage of the Company's platform and adversely affect its business, operating results, and financial condition.
- <u>Inappropriate advertisement</u> This is the risk that the Company serves an inappropriate advertisement on behalf of its customers. To mitigate this risk all adverts are human reviewed before the campaign commences.
- Cybersecurity Cybersecurity attacks, including breaches, computer malware and computer hacking have become more prevalent recent years across all businesses. Any cybersecurity breach caused by hacking, which involves efforts to gain unauthorized access to information or systems, or to cause intentional malfunctions or loss or corruption of data, software, hardware or other computer equipment, or the inadvertent transmission of computer viruses could adversely affect the business, financial condition, results of operations or reputation of the Company. The Company believes that it is taken reasonable steps to protect the security, integrity and confidentiality of the information collected, used, stored and disclosed, but there is no guarantee that in the future inadvertent (e.g., software bugs or other technical malfunctions, employee error or malfeasance, or other factors) or unauthorized data access or use will not occur despite its efforts in the past and in the future.
- <u>Technology</u> The Company's future success is dependent on its ability to continue to develop and expand its products and technologies and to address the needs of its customers. The Company operates in an industry that is characterized by rapid technological change, frequent new product and service introductions and enhancements, uncertain product life cycles, changes in customer requirements, and evolving industry standards. The introduction of new products and new technologies, the emergence of new industry standards, or improvements to existing technologies could render the Company's platform obsolete or relatively less competitive.
- Outages In addition, the Company operates 24/7 business so if outages were to occur it is critical for the technology to be restored in a timely manner. Any delay in restoring the systems will have a negative effect on its business, operating results and financial condition.
- <u>Cloud based servers</u> The Company's products and services involve storage using a third-party cloud-based hosting service. Any damage to, or failure of, the hosting service's systems generally could result in interruptions in the use of the Company's platform. Such interruptions may reduce the Company's revenue, and adversely the Company's ability to attract new customers. The Company's business will also be harmed if its customers and potential customers believe its products or services are unreliable.
- <u>Incorrect advertising</u> The Company is developing a teens and family platform under its Prado brand. Therefore, there is the risk that an inappropriate advertisement is served to children, which could result in fines to the Company and have a negative effect on its business, operating results, and financial condition. The Company has put in internal controls that ensure no non children advertisement is served to children.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

Financial and Accounting Risks

- Additional financing There can be no certainty that the Company's financial resources and revenue from sales will be sufficient for its future needs. The Company may need to incur significant expenses for growth, operations, research and development, as well as sales and marketing and other unforeseen costs. The ability of the Company to arrange such financing in the future will depend in part upon the prevailing capital market conditions as well as the business performance of the Company. It may be difficult or impossible for the Company to obtain debt financing or equity financing on commercially acceptable terms. In addition, the issuance of common shares for an equity financing may have a negative effect on the existing shareholders of the Company such as dilution or negative sentiments in the market to the equity financing.
- <u>Growth</u> Kidoz anticipates continued growth that could require substantial financial and other resources to, among other things: (a) expand and develop product offerings; (b) improve technological infrastructure, including investing in its technology (c) cover general and administrative expenses, including legal, accounting and other expenses; (d) cover sales and marketing expenses, including a significant expansion of the Company's direct sales organization. Investment in these, however, may not yield anticipated returns. Consequently, as costs increase, the Company may not be able to generate sufficient revenue to achieve or sustain profitability.
- Payment risks If our customers do not pay, or dispute their invoices, then the business, operating results and financial condition may be adversely affected. In addition, if our customers do not pay in a timely manner will our operating results and financial condition may be adversely affected.
- <u>Internal Controls</u> A failure to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting could harm the Company's financial performance, its ability to raise capital and its continued listing on the TSX Venture Exchange. In addition, the Company is a small company so has limited segregation of duties. The Company is therefore reliant on the critical personnel and an increase in the risk of the failure of internal controls.
- <u>Changes to GAAP</u> The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). There is a risk that changes to US GAAP will negatively affect the Company in terms of results and could become more difficult, time-consuming or costly and increase demand on the Company's systems and resources to comply with this change.

Industry Risk

- <u>Competition</u> the advertising business is a highly competitive business. The Company offers niche advertising in a highly regulated business. However, there are few barriers to existing large advertising companies entering the market. Our existing customers could develop their own inhouse solutions and therefore no longer advertise with us.
- <u>Ad blockers</u> Consumers may load ad blocking software. This will affect our ability to serve advertisements and will therefore reduce our revenue.
- <u>Failure to access advertising inventory</u> We must maintain a consistent supply of ad inventory. Our success depends on our ability to secure inventory on reasonable terms in multiple locations. The amount, quality, and cost of inventory available to the Company can change at any time. If our relationships with any of our significant suppliers were to cease, or if the material terms of these relationships were to change unfavourably, our business would be negatively impacted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

- <u>Fraud</u> The Company operates as a technology and services provider in a dynamic ecosystem
 where fraud exists. Typical forms of fraud include robotic traffic, where robots mimic the
 behaviour of users in order to inflate the number of impressions, clicks, post clicks actions or other
 metrics associated with the ad. The Company reviews all ads and monitors the impression serving
 with our suppliers.
- Catastrophic events We maintain cloud-based servers around the world, that deliver advertising campaigns for our advertisers. Any of its existing and future facilities may be harmed or rendered inoperable by attack or security intrusion by a computer hacker, natural or man-made disasters, including earthquakes, tornadoes, hurricanes, wildfires, floods, nuclear disasters, war, acts of terrorism or other criminal activities, infectious disease outbreaks and power outages, any of which may render it difficult or impossible for the Company to operate its business for some period of time. The Company maintains backup and disaster recovery plans to get back up and running as fast as possible.
- Economic, Political and Market Conditions Our business depends on the overall demand for advertising and on the economic health of our current and prospective advertisers. Economic downturns, including a recession, or instability in political or market conditions may cause current or new advertisers to reduce their advertising budgets. These conditions are impacted by events outside of the Company's control, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, may have a long-term impact on the global economy. Adverse economic conditions and general uncertainty about continued economic recovery are likely to affect the Company's business prospects. This uncertainty may cause general business conditions to deteriorate or become volatile, which could cause advertisers to delay, decrease or cancel campaigns, and expose the Company to increased credit risk on advertiser orders, which, in turn, could negatively impact its business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, continued geopolitical turmoil in many parts of the world have and may continue to put pressure on global economic conditions, which could lead to reduced spending on advertising.

Risks Related to the Common Shares and Corporate and Securities Law

- Market for common shares The shares of the Company are illiquid. The Company has made efforts to improve the exposure of the Company through its stock awareness program and create a more active market for its shares. There are no assurances that our Stock Awareness campaigns will be effective to create a liquid market.
- Volatility in the market Technology stocks have historically experienced high levels of volatility and we cannot predict the prices at which our common shares will trade. Fluctuations in the market price of our common shares could cause an investor to lose all or part of their investment in our common shares. These fluctuations in the market price and volatility of our common shares can be caused by factors outside the control of the Company such the following:
 - The volatility in the market price and trading volume of technology companies in general especially large companies in the digital advertising industry (e.g. Google and Meta);
 - o Changes in regulatory developments in Canada and the United States;
 - o General economic conditions and trends, including global financial markets, global economies and general market conditions, such as interest rates;

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year ended December 31, 2024

- o Major catastrophic events (e.g. the war in the Ukraine and Gaza);
- o Unexpected market reactions to the Company announcements;
- Trade wars and trade tariffs.

As a result, share prices of many technology companies have fluctuated in a manner unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. In general, in the past, shareholders have filed securities class action litigation following periods of market volatility. If Kidoz were to become involved in securities litigation, it could subject it to substantial costs, divert resources and the attention of management from our business, and adversely affect our business.

<u>Public Company implications</u> – The Company is listed on the Toronto Venture Stock Exchange
and is therefore subject to its listing requirements. Compliance with these rules and regulations
could become more difficult, time-consuming, or costly and increase demand on the Company's
systems and resources.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information and other publicly filed documents relating to Kidoz Inc. are available through the internet on the Canadian Securities Administrators' System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR+"), which can be accessed at www.sedarplus.com and the Company's website at https://investor.kidoz.net.

In addition, we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington D.C. 20549. You can request copies of these documents, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Please call the Securities and Exchange Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the Public Reference Room.

We file our reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission electronically through the Securities and Exchange Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval ("EDGAR") system. The Securities and Exchange Commission maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the Securities and Exchange Commission through EDGAR. The address of this Internet site is http://www.sec.gov.